Part B Indicator 14 Measurement Changes: Aligning Definitions with the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Rehabilitation Act), as amended by the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA)

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This Session

• Overview of Federal historical I-14 data and description of FFY15 respondents
• Changes to Indicator Measurement Table for FFY18 SPP/APR Indicator 14 due February 2020
• Capture States’ questions to update the Frequently Asked Questions document
IDEA Purpose

To ensure that all children with disabilities have available to them a free appropriate public education that emphasizes special education and related services designed to meet their unique needs and prepare them for further education, employment, and independent living.

Source: IDEA Final Regulations Sec. 300.1 (a)
Indicator B-14

- Percent of youth who are no longer in secondary school, had IEPs in effect at the time they left school, and were:
  - A. Enrolled in higher education within one year of leaving high school.
  - B. Enrolled in higher education or competitively employed within one year of leaving high school.
  - C. Enrolled in higher education or in some other postsecondary education or training program; or competitively employed or in some other employment within one year of leaving high school.
Data Collection Methods

- Census – 40 States
- Sample – 20 States
- 36 States reported how data are collected:
  - Administrative Database – 1 State
  - Survey (in-person, phone, web, mailed) – 35 States
    - Combination – 14 States
Respondents FFY2015

• 133,681 Respondents
  – Students (n = 24 States)
  – Students, families, or others (n = 10 States)
  – Not Reported (n = 26 States)

• Data collected by
  – School (n = 22 States)
  – Organization (n = 6 States)
  – Not Reported (n = 32 States)

• 55% Median response rate (n = 31 States)
• 4.6% to 100% Range of response rates (SD = 26.55%)
• Insufficient data to determine representation.
National Trends of Median Percentages for Each Indicator B14 Measure FFY15

Percent of Respondents

A: Higher Education
B: Higher Education + Competitive Employment
C: Higher Ed, Competitive Employment, Other Education or Training, Some Other Employment

SY 08-09 | SY 09-10 | SY 10-11 | SY 11-12 | SY 12-13 | SY 13-14 | SY 14-15

A: 26.8 | 27.4 | 56.3 | 63.0 | 72.5 | 78.6

B: 26.8 | 27.4 | 56.3 | 63.0 | 72.5 | 78.6

C: 26.8 | 27.4 | 56.3 | 63.0 | 72.5 | 78.6

SY 08-09 | SY 09-10 | SY 10-11 | SY 11-12 | SY 12-13 | SY 13-14 | SY 14-15
Reference Materials

Part B SPP/APR Indicator/Measurement Table

FFY 2016-2018 Part B SPP/APR

(OMB NO: 1820-0624 / Expiration Date: 8/31/2020);

RSA Regional Meetings on Program-Specific Requirements under the Rehabilitation Act, as amended by WIOA; and

RSA: Integrated Location Criteria of the Definition of “Competitive Integrated Employment” FAQs.
No Changes:

• Data Source: State selected
• Measurement calculations A, B, C
• Sampling
• Definitions for
  – Enrolled in higher education;
  – Enrolled in other postsecondary education or training; and
  – Some other employment.
**Current Definitions**

**Higher Education**
- enrolled full- or part-time
- community college (2-year program)
- college/university (4- or more year program)
- 1 complete term

**Competitive Employment**
- worked for pay at or above the minimum wage
- setting with others who are nondisabled
- 20 hours a week
- 90 days at any time in the year since leaving high school
- includes military employment

**Other Postsecondary Education or Training**
- enrolled full- or part-time
- education or training program (e.g., adult education, vocational technical school that is less than a 2-year program)
- 1 complete term

**Other Employment**
- worked for pay or been self-employed
- 90 days at any time since leaving high school
- includes working in a family business (e.g., farm, store, fishing, ranching, catering services, etc.)
No Changes:

• Data Source: State selected
• Measurements A, B, C
• Sampling
  – Sampling plan submitted to OSEP describing
    (a) sampling procedures (e.g., random/stratified, forms validation); and
    (b) similarity or differences of the sample to the population (e.g., how all aspects of the population such as disability category, race, age, gender, etc. will be represented).
    (c) how the SEA addresses any problems with: (a) response rates; (b) missing data; and (c) selection bias.
  – If using the currently-approved sampling plan and only changing the years for which it is used, the State can provide an assurance to this effect.
  – If a State proposes to use a sampling plan that was not previously used/approved or will revise its current sampling plan, the State must submit the sampling plan for approval.
Sampling Continued

• Samples from LEAs must be representative of each of the LEAs sampled considering such variables as disability categories, age, race, and gender.

• If sampling LEAs, all LEAs with average daily memberships (ADM) over 50,000 must be included in the sample.

• Do not report information that would result in disclosure of personally identifiable information.

• Report the most recently-available performance data on each LEA and the date these data were obtained.

• If sampling, must sample on the performance of each LEA at least once during the period of FFYs 2013 - 2018.

• If sampling, must collect data from a representative sample of LEAs each year.

Source: General Instructions for FFY16 Submission
No Changes: Data Collection Timeline

• Collect data by September 2017 [2018, 2019]
• On students who left school during 2015-2016 [2016-2017; 2017-2018]
• Timing data collection so that at least one year has passed since the students left school
• Include students who had an IEP in effect at the time they left school, including those who:
  – Dropped out during 2015-2016;
  – Were expected to return but did not return for the current school year;
  – Graduated with a regular diploma;
  – Some other credential; and
  – Aged out.
What has Changed?
CHANGE: Two Options for Reporting Competitive Employment

- FFY 2017 SPP/APR, due February 2019:
  - **Option 1:** Use the same definition as used to report in the FFY 2015 SPP/APR
  - **Option 2:** States report in alignment with the term “competitive integrated employment” and its definition, in section 7(5) of the Rehabilitation Act, as amended by WIOA, and 34 CFR §361.5(c)(9).
Change

When reporting in the FFY 2018 SPP/APR, due February 2020, all States must use Option 2.

Option 2: States report in alignment with the term “competitive integrated employment” and its definition, in section 7(5) of the Rehabilitation Act, as amended by WIOA, and 34 CFR §361.5(c)(9).
Why Align with the Rehabilitation Act, as amended by W.I.O.A.?
Indicator 14: Competitive Employment

• No changes to previous criteria:
  – For pay at or above minimum wage
  – An average 20 hours per week
  – At least 90 days consecutive or cumulative
  – Includes military

• What’s new:
  – Additional criteria re: level of interaction (integrated location); and opportunities for advancement.
  – Training data collectors to ensure selection of responses.
Competitive Integrated Employment—Components of W.I.O.A. Definition

Employment must satisfy the requirements for all three components:

• Competitive earnings;
• Level of Interaction; and
• Opportunities for advancement.

This means that if an individual’s employment fails to satisfy any one of the above components, the employment will not meet the definition of “competitive integrated employment”.

For I-14, they count as Other Employment

Source: RSA Regional Meetings on Program-Specific Requirements under the Rehabilitation Act, as amended by WIOA.
Competitive Earnings Component

A. Equal to or greater than the Federal, State, or local minimum wage rate, whichever is higher, where the place of employment is located.

– No change: Currently ask, At or above minimum wage
Competitive Earnings Component

B. Comparable to the customary rate paid by the employer to employees without disabilities in similar positions with comparable skills, experience, and training.

– No change: Currently ask, Describe the job you have or have had?

– New: Based on respondent’s description of job, if company is known (e.g., Wal-Mart, Target), consider this to be known.

– Training: If company is unknown, ask probing questions
Competitive Earnings Component

C. Must receive benefits comparable to those of employees without disabilities in similar positions

- No change: Currently ask, Describe the job you have or have had?
- New: Based on respondent’s description of job, if company is known (e.g., Wal-Mart, Target), consider this to be known.
- Training: If company is unknown, ask probing questions (e.g., social security, group insurance).
Competitive Earnings Component

• Self-Employed
  – No change: If the individual meets the criteria for competitive employment, they are counted in the category of *Competitive Employment*.
  – If the individual does not meet all the criteria for competitive employment, they are counted in the category of *Other Employment*.
  – *under review by funding agencies*
Integrated Location Component

A. Employment is in a setting typically found in the community
   – Slight change in the response category:
     ___In a company, business, or service typically found in the community with people with and without disabilities (1)*
     *under review by funding agencies
Integrated Location Component

B. Employment is in a setting in which the employee with the disability interacts with employees and other persons without disabilities to the same extent that employees without disabilities in similar positions interact with these persons.

— New Question: When doing your job, do you interact with other employees without a disability?
New Question: When doing your job, do you interact with other employees without a disability?

- **Training**: consider the interaction between the individual with a disability and employees without disabilities that occurs during the **performance of the individual’s job responsibilities**, and not the casual and social contact that takes place in the work place.

- **Training**: **Group and enclave settings** in which the interaction of the individuals with disabilities with persons without disabilities is with persons working or visiting the work site, rather than with co-workers, **do not satisfy the integrated location component** of the definition of “competitive integrated employment.”
Opportunities for Advancement Component

• The employee with the disability must be eligible for the same opportunities for advancement as are available to employees without disabilities in similar positions.

• **New Question:** In this job, will you be eligible for (or can you get) a pay raise or promotion?
Additional Change: Analysis of Representativeness of Response Data

• When determining how representative respondents are to the target population, States should consider categories such as race and ethnicity, disability category, and geographic location in the State.

• If response data are not representative of the demographics of the target population, describe the strategies the State will use to ensure that in the future response data are representative of those demographics.

• In identifying such strategies, the State should consider factors such as how the State collected data.
Geographic Location

• National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) has defined four major locale categories – city, suburban, town, and rural.

• A resource:

https://nces.ed.gov/programs/edge/Geographic/SchoolLocations
Revised Definitions

**Higher Education**
- enrolled full- or part-time
- community college (2-year program)
- college/university (4- or more year program)
- 1 complete term

**Competitive Employment**
- worked for pay at or above the minimum wage
- customary pay rate, benefits, and opportunities for advancement as those without disabilities
- setting with others who are nondisabled
- 20 hours a week; 90 days in the year since leaving high school
- includes military employment

**Other Postsecondary Education or Training**
- enrolled full- or part-time
- education or training program (e.g., adult education, vocational technical school that is less than a 2-year program)
- 1 complete term

**Other Employment**
- worked for pay or been self-employed
- 90 days at any time since leaving high school
- includes working in a family business (e.g., farm, store, fishing, ranching, catering services, etc.)
Next Steps

• NTACT is collecting your specific questions or examples to update the Frequently Asked Questions for Post-School Outcomes

• Send your questions to Charlotte (calverso@uoregon.edu).
Contact Information

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